## **Introduction to Climate**

Fill in the blanks: rainfall, 30 years, average atmospheric conditions, typical conditions, long period		
Climate refers to the		, such as temperature and
		ring these conditions over a Climate provides us with an expect in that area.
Colour code the statements into the correct category Weather Climate		
The Sahara Desert is hot and dry, with very little rainfall throughout the year.	It rained all day yesterday, but today it's sunny and warm.	In the UK, it's typically mild and wet throughout the year.
There was a sudden thunderstorm this afternoon that lasted an hour.	In Spain, summers are generally warm and dry.	What is happening outside right now. The conditions can differ rom day to day.
The heatwave last week caused temperatures to soar above 35°C for several days.	A description of the typical conditions in an area over a long period of time.	In tropical rainforests, it's usually hot and humid, with heavy rainfall throughout the year.

# Match the climate type to its description and examples: Climate Type Characteristics

### Polar

Moderate temperatures and four distinct seasons—spring, summer, autumn, and winter—typically with mild to warm summers and cool to cold winters with varying amounts of precipitation throughout the year.

### **Temperate**

Warm coastal regions located between 30° and 45° north and south of the Equator, featuring hot, dry summers and milder, wetter winters, with moderate rainfall occurring primarily during the winter months. This climate supports a diverse range of vegetation, including shrubs, grasses and drought-resistant trees.

### **Arid / Desert**

Typically hot and often experience high levels of rainfall, particularly in regions near the Equator, like the Amazon Rainforest. In these areas, warm air rises, resulting in significant precipitation. Tropical rainforests thrive in these humid conditions.

### **Tropical**

Cold, dry climates found in the far north and south of the planet. Some polar regions are covered in ice and others have tundra vegetation.

### Mountain

These regions receive less than 250 millimetres of rainfall annually, resulting in high daytime temperatures, cooler nights, and limited vegetation. Arid climates often featuring drought-resistant plants like cacti and shrubs

### Mediterranean

Colder climates at high altitudes, which can be found anywhere on the planet. Only small plants, such as grasses and mosses, can survive above the tree line.

### **Example locations**

Antarctica, Greenland, Arctic regions of Canada, Northern Alaska, Siberia, Russia, Northern Norway, Iceland...

Amazon Rainforest, Congo Basin, Indonesia, Malaysia, Costa Rica, Panama, Jamaica, Northern Australia, Madagascar, Sri Lanka, Philippines...

The Andes, The Himalayas, The Rockies, The Alps, The Atlas Mountains, The Pyrenees

Southern Spain, Italy, Greece, Turkey, South Australia, Portugal, Algeria....

United Kingdom, Germany, France, Japan, New Zealand....

Sahara Desert, Atacama Desert, Great Victoria Desert, Gobi Desert, Chihuahuan Desert, Thar Desert...



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